

# Modal Analysis

## ERA & DIAMOND

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ERA, the *Eigensystem Realization Algorithm*, is widely used as a modal analysis technique, generating a system realization using time-domain response input and output data. It was proposed by (Juang & Pappa,1985) [1].

Notes and MATLAB code based on (Caicedo,2011) [2].

# Impulse Reponse

*Impulse Response*  $h[k]$  was induced by equation

$$y[k] = h[k]p[0] \quad (1)$$

$y[k]$  is system response (the output) and  $p[0]$  is impulse input.  $h[k]$  is a  $q \times p$  vector, for  $q$  outputs and  $p$  inputs.

# Hankel Matrix

*Hankel Matrix* is a block matrix constituted by  $h[k]$ , and is shown below

$$\mathbf{H}[\mathbf{k} - \mathbf{1}] = \begin{bmatrix} h[k] & h[k+1] & \cdots & h[k+s-1] \\ h[k+1] & h[k+2] & \cdots & h[k+s] \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ h[k+r-1] & h[k+r] & \cdots & h[k+r+s-2] \end{bmatrix}_{(n_y \times r) \times (n_p \times s)} \quad (2)$$

- Dimension:  $(n_y \times r) \times (n_p \times s)$
- $n_y$  &  $n_p$ : Outputs and Inputs
- $r$  &  $s$ : Chosen by programmer

# SVD

Thin SVD to  $H[0]$ , obtained equation below

$$\mathbf{H}[0] = \mathbf{U}\mathbf{\Sigma}\mathbf{V}^T \quad (3)$$

- $\mathbf{U}$ :  $(n_y \times r) \times n$
- $\mathbf{\Sigma}$ :  $n \times n$
- $\mathbf{V}$ :  $(n_p \times s) \times n$ .

$n$  is the number of state variables.

## Auxiliary Matrix $\mathbf{E}_y$ and $\mathbf{E}_p$

Constructing auxiliary matrix  $\mathbf{E}_y$  and  $\mathbf{E}_p$  as equation below

$$\mathbf{E}_y = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I}_{n_y \times n_y} \\ \mathbf{0}_{n_y \times n_y} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{0}_{n_y \times n_y} \end{bmatrix}_{(n_y \times r) \times n_y} \quad \mathbf{E}_p = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I}_{n_p \times n_p} \\ \mathbf{0}_{n_p \times n_p} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{0}_{n_p \times n_p} \end{bmatrix}_{(n_p \times s) \times n_p} \quad (4)$$

# Inducing Matrix A B and G

Then we got matrix used in state-space representation in equation below

$$\text{State Matrix: } \mathbf{A} = \Sigma^{-1/2} \mathbf{U}^T \mathbf{H} [\mathbf{1}] \mathbf{V} \Sigma^{-1/2} \quad (n \times n) \quad (5)$$

$$\text{Input Matrix: } \mathbf{B} = \Sigma^{1/2} \mathbf{V}^T \mathbf{E}_p \quad (n \times p) \quad (6)$$

$$\text{Output Matrix: } \mathbf{G} = \mathbf{E}_y^T \mathbf{U} \Sigma^{1/2} \quad (q \times n) \quad (7)$$



# Modal Parameters

- Let  $\Omega$  be the eigenvalue of State Matrix  $\mathbf{A}$
- Let  $\mathbf{V}$  be the eigenvector of State Matrix  $\mathbf{A}$

Let  $T$  be sampling period, we obtain

- Frequency  $\omega$ :  $\omega = |\ln(\Omega)/T|$
- Damping Ratio  $\zeta$ :  $\zeta = \text{Re}(\ln(\Omega)/T)/\omega$
- Vibration Modes:  $\mathbf{V}$

# DIAMOND

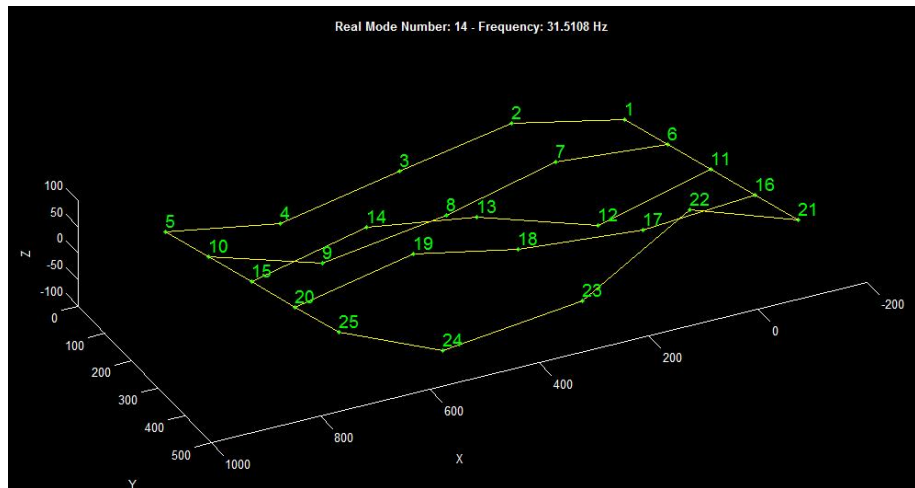
A MATLAB toolbox known as *Damage Identification And MOdal aNalysis for Dummies*

Developing by Los Alamos National Lab [2]

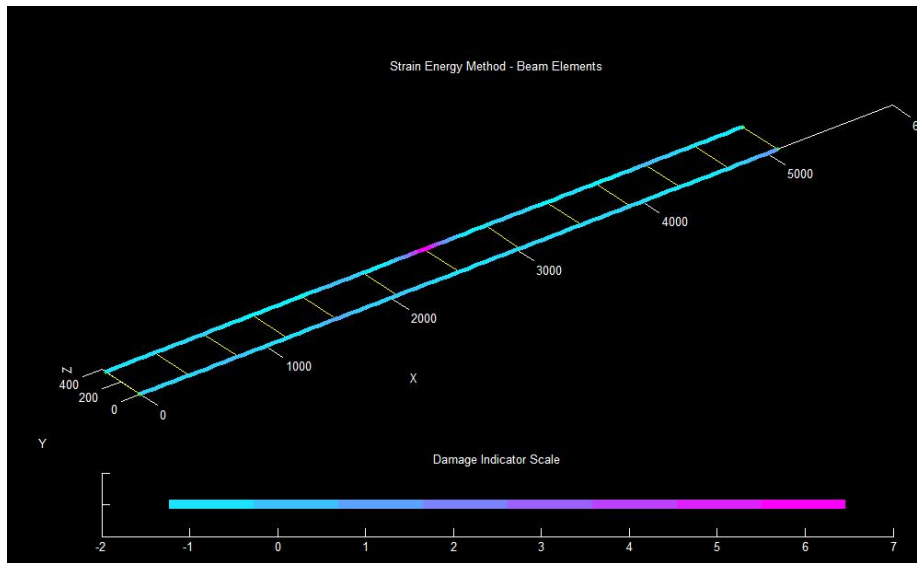
# Overview of DIAMOND

- Modal Analysis
- Damage Identification
- Model Refinement
- Test Simulation

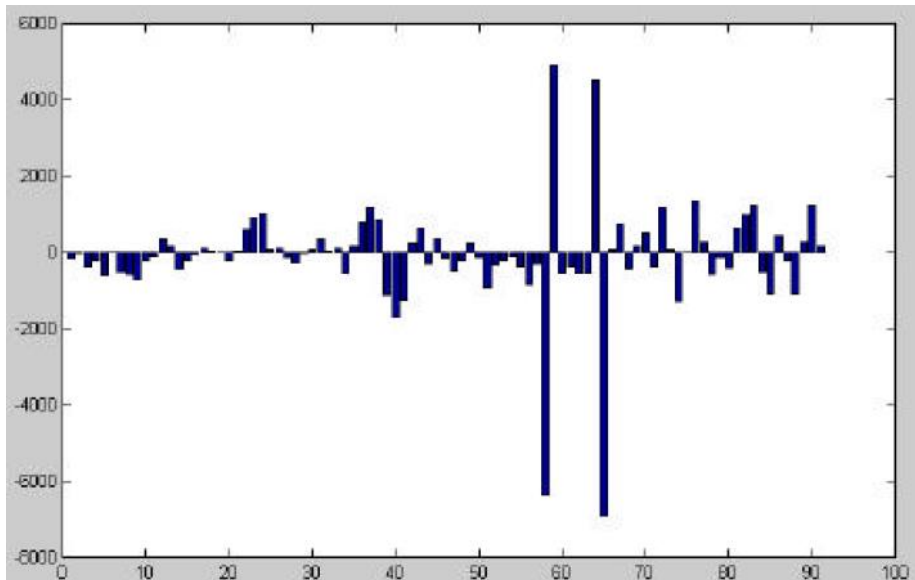
# Modal Analysis



# Damage Identification



# Model Update Techniques





J-N Juang and Richard S Pappa.

An eigensystem realization algorithm for modal parameter identification and model reduction.

*Journal of guidance, control, and dynamics*, 8(5):620–627, 1985.



Juan M Caicedo.

Practical guidelines for the natural excitation technique (next) and the eigensystem realization algorithm (era) for modal identification using ambient vibration.

*Experimental Techniques*, 35(4):52–58, 2011.



Scott W Doebling, Charles R Farrar, and Phillip J Cornwell.

Diamond: A graphical interface toolbox for comparative modal analysis and damage identification.

*In Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Recent Advances in Structural Dynamics, Southampton, UK*, pages 399–412, 1997.